

CONFLICT MINERALS POLICY

On July 21st 2010, President Obama signed into law the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Financial Protection Act ("Act"), which seeks to prevent armed groups from financing conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo through the sale of certain minerals extracted from that region.

On August 22, 2012, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") adopted some rules to implement reporting and disclosure requirements related to "conflict minerals," as directed by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010.

The rules require manufacturers who file certain reports with the SEC to disclose whether the products they manufacture or contract to manufacture contain "conflict minerals" (gold, tin, tantalum, and tungsten, the derivatives of cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, and wolframite) that are "necessary to the functionality or production" of those products.

Arkema is not required to make disclosures under the Act. However, Arkema is committed to responsible sourcing and to assisting its customers in their compliance with the Act. Arkema is responding to customer inquiries as to whether the products purchased contain "conflict minerals" as defined by the Act.

To the extent Arkema purchases products from suppliers that contain "conflict minerals" as defined by the Act, Arkema is requiring suppliers to inform it regarding the origin of such minerals.

As a matter of responsible sourcing, Arkema will use best efforts not to acquire any raw materials that Arkema has reason to believe originate from the Democratic Republic of Congo or adjoining countries unless such materials are certified as "conflict free".